10th International meeting of the National Focal Points SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY



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Use of Space Technologies for Prevention, **Preparedness, and Response to Risks** - New Opportunities -

14-15 May 2025 Brussels **Jean Muylaert ISTC SAC**



Introduction

• Given :

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- > the evolution of the digitalization of the world,
- > the rapid development of the <u>technologies</u> including those from Space
- > the advent of the AI tools
- > the climate change induced cascade effects (NATECH)
- > the underestimated needs for Cyber attack resilience and authentication of data
- > the new threats associated with Non-Proliferation and CBRN
- ISTC's is evolving from a science to a technology application driven Center addressing more and more <u>Critical Infrastructures safety</u> and <u>Environmental</u> <u>Security issues</u>.
- Examples from ongoing ISTC Projects (PR134/PR206/TJ2412/TJ2409) are shown

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 Space derived tools for preparedness and monitoring of climate change MHTЦ induced- and man-made disasters :

> Flooding, flash flooding, Dam breaks , dune breach -or river rise overflow

- > Fire and its propagation, Draught
- > Earthquake including the induced landslides
- Cascade effects, critical infra structures

> Maritime Situation Awareness including general Water Quality and discharge

- New technologies for simulation of crisis's thereby anticipating and analysis for prevention
- Digital twins for critical infrastructure and Cyber resilience against attack

New Tools and Methods

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Space-related technologies

Tools





Implementers





CONNECT



COMPUTE

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PREVENT, PREPARE, RESPOND to NATURAL and MAN MADE DISASTER

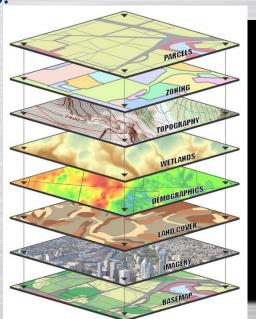


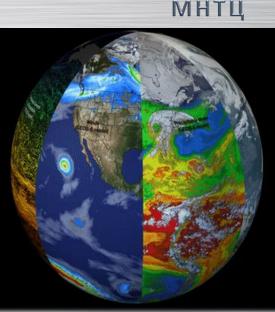
Decision support database



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- Data collected will include but not limited to:
- Land use/cover and vegetation change
- - Terrain
- - Climate (historical and future projections)
- Adaptation strategy development and agricultural crop management
- - Basin and irrigated water management
- Irrigation systems
- Basin watersheds
- Land and water quality
- $\,\circ\,$ Flood and drought risk zones
- Socio-economics







Example of Derna Catastrophe 12 September 2023



Flash flooding, Dam breaks
 Cascade effects, critical infra structures
 Fluid flow Simulations
 Lessons learned preparedness

>Lessons learned preparedness



Example of Derna Catastrophe 12 September 2023 (ongoing PPRDMED project) SCIEN

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Wadi Acted as a channel to direct large volume of water towards the city

Water flow

Dam burst

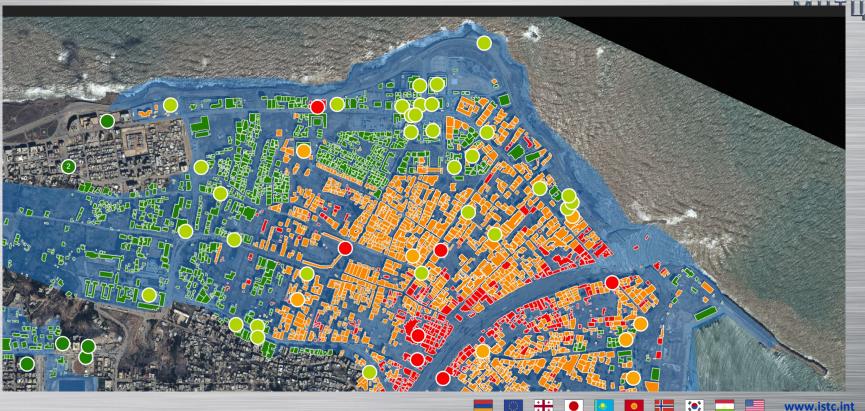
DERNA

Dam burst

Example space derived Analytics DERNA 13 September 2023



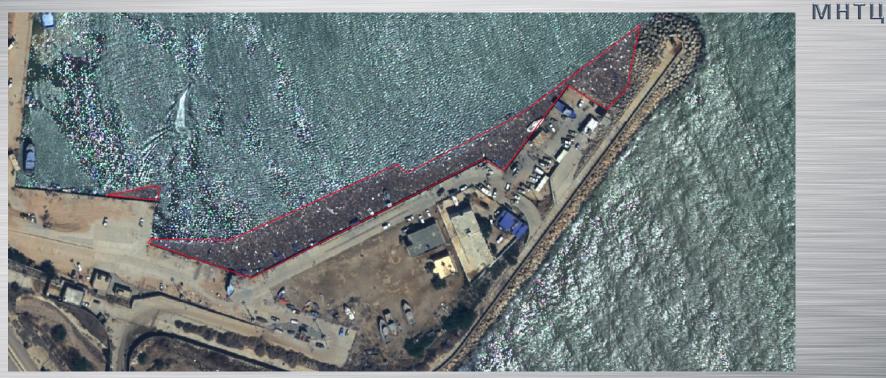




Example space derived Analytics DERNA 13 September 2023 Debris (search of victims)



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Example space derived Analytics status of roads DERNA 11 September 2023 Road conditions

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Example space derived Analytics status of roads DERNA 13 September 2023 Road conditions

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Example space derived Analytics status of roads DERNA 13 September 2023 Road conditions CENTER (ISTC)

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Example of Climate change Dune breatch with cascade effects



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> Space derived DEM (Digital Elevation Model)
 > Fluid flow Simulations
 > Cascade effects potential explosion of LPG spheres
 > Flooding of neighboring city



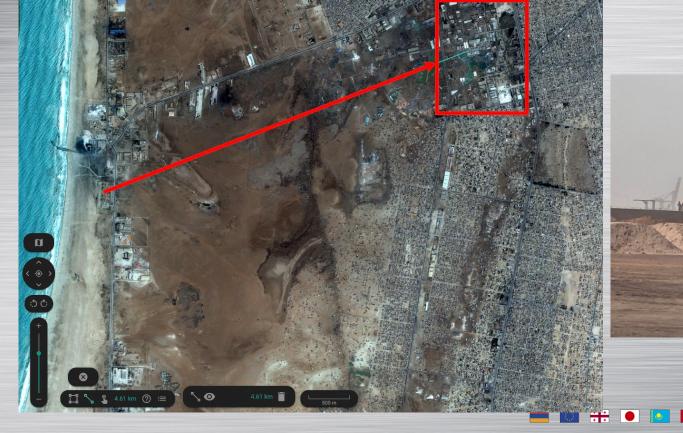
Example of Climate change induced Dune breatch with cascade effects





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Example Dune Breach and Flooding with NATECH cascade risks

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Example Dune Breach and Flooding with NATECH cascade risks ISTC > chemical facilities> BLEVE (ALOHA) PPRDMED project INTERNATIONAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY CENTER (ISTC) Légende Seuil des Effets Létaux significatifs, SELS Integrate Real Means Tradition of the

* *

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Example of transboundary Water monitoring for Radiation and Water Quality in Syr Darya

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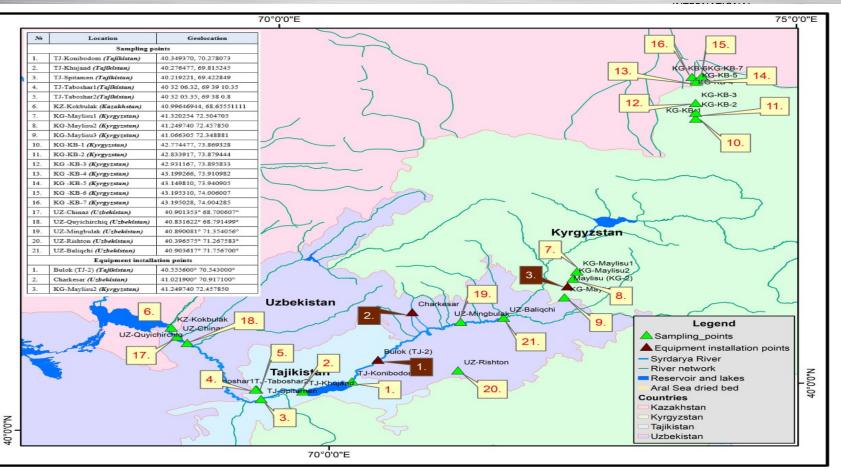


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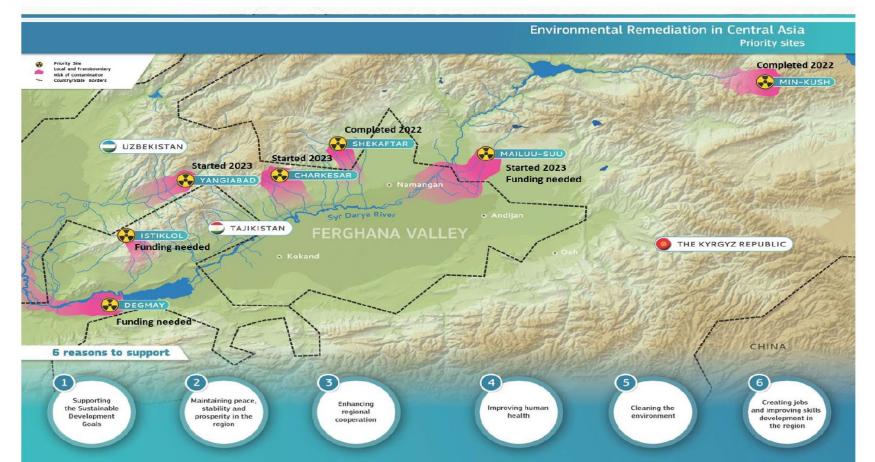
Radiation measurements in several locations
 Lab experimentation
 Data basing, QA, sharing of data
 Pilot for EWS for follow up -upscaling



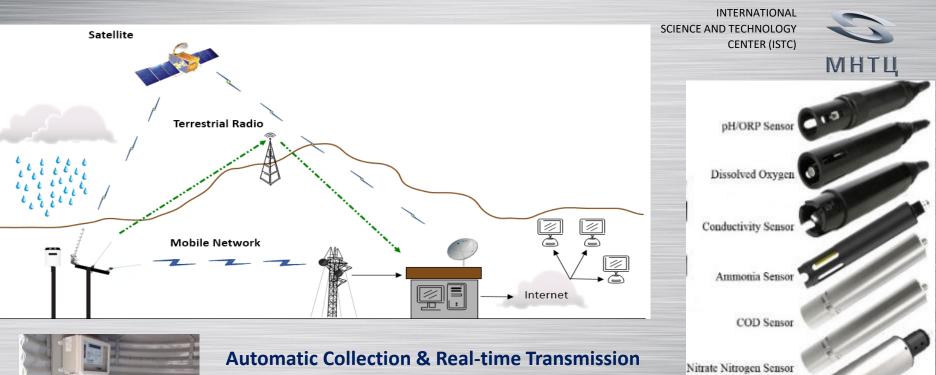
Selected equipment points for the BERTIN gamma sensor and sampling points T C



Environmental Remediation In CA-EU bank for reconstruction and Development-



Example real time data collection and transmission



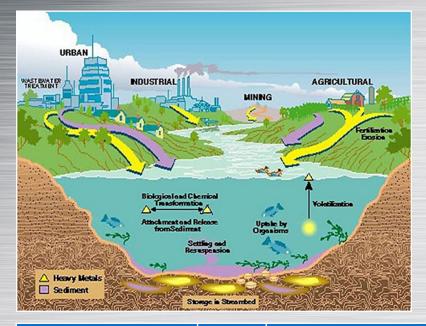
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Turbidity / TSS Sensor

(e.g. GSM/GPRS, Terrestrial Radio, Satellite Radio, Meteor burst, broadband, etc. or combination possibly with local data logger storage backup)

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Hyperspectral Sensors

Detection of



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Heavy Metals & Radionuclides)

Spectral bands for heavy metals:
Arsenic (As): 400–600 nm (UV-visible absorption)
Lead (Pb): 600–800 nm (Red-NIR region)
Uranium (U-238): 1200–1600 nm (SWIR absorption)

Satellite/Sensor	Resolution	Application
PRISMA (ASI, Hyperspectral)	30m	Detects spectral signatures of heavy metals.
EnMAP (Germany, Hyperspectral)	30m	Identifies specific elements in water.
Hyperion (NASA, Hyperspectral)	30m	Detects uranium contamination spectral bands.
DESIS (ISS, Hyperspectral)	30m	Identifies chemical signatures of pollutants.

Remote sensing detects chemical pollution, due to change of light absorption, scattering, and reflection

Source: Garbarino et al., 1995

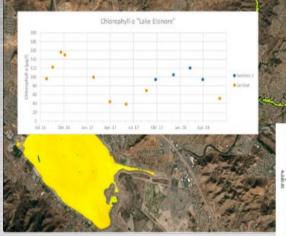
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Example space derived Multispectral water quality tracking - Early warning system SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

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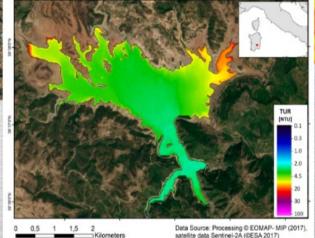
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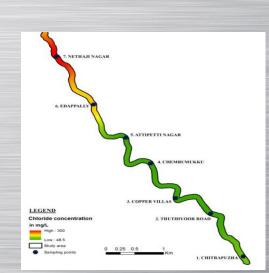


- Turbidity
- * Chlorophyll-a
- Temperature
- Water extent
- Mineralization



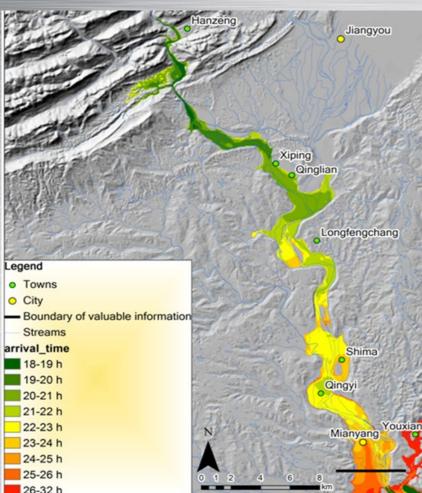


Kiometers



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Time of arrival of water flow



INTERNATIONAL science and technology center (istc) Tongkou River Sichuan Basin south Tibet May 12, 2008 M = 7.9

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Tangjiashan landslide Domino effect on 4 dams with huge consequences

Sichuan EQ May 12, 2008 M = 7.9







Example of Dam or Mine tailings movements and Dam break analysis using Space derived SAR technologies (PPRDMED and WATER Projects on going)



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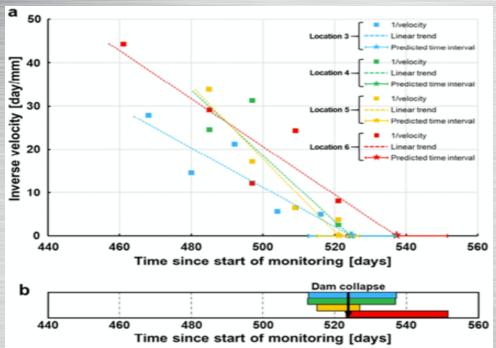
> Brumadinho validating the algorithms for stability assessment
 > Analysis of Charvak Dam
 > Mine tailing stability. Landslides
 > Deployment of space derived hyperspectral plus in situ data basing for calibration of level of pollution
 > Water discharge and water quality along Syr Darya

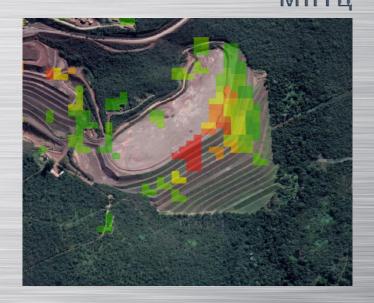


Example of Seismic loads monitoring from Space in BR Brumadinho Dam. SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

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Disaster occurred on 25 January 2019 when a tailings dam at the Córrego do Feijão iron ore mine, Minas Gerais, Brazil, suffered a catastrophic failure. The dam released a mudflow, 270 people died + + **()**

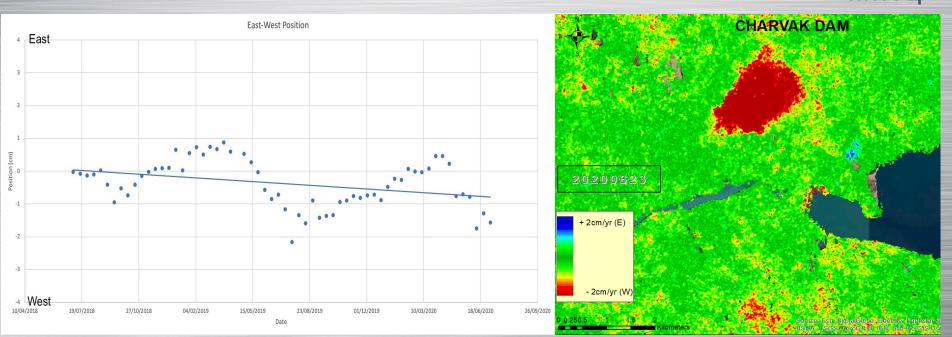
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Example of Seismic loads monitoring from Space in UZ Charvak region

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Combination of optical and radar satellite imagery from Sentinel, provides water levels changes and earth response

SYR Darya area tailing facilities

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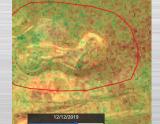
Evaluating the causes of open-pit mine collapse

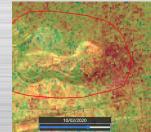
Collapse of the wall of a large open-pit mine, spring of 2020 Kazakhstan



Analysis of time series of ground displacement.







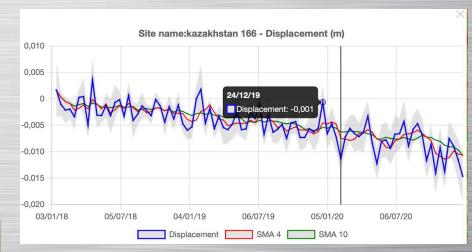
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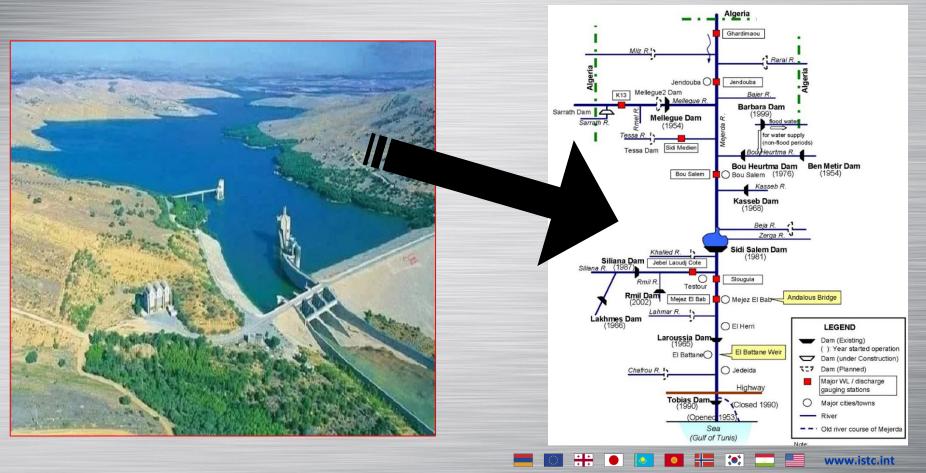
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Curtesy ISTC GSI

Landslide trend analysis

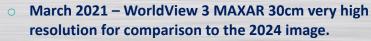
Dam erosion analytics using space SAR / VHR (PPRD Project) ISTC



Dam erosion analytics using space SAR / VHR (PPRD Project) ISTC







 There are significant differences in water levels between the images

March 2024 – Airbus NEO 30cm very high resolution.

- Light green dot indicates areas of dense vegetation
- Red dot shows potential areas of erosion.
- Dark green dot shows area of debris building up behind the dam

Blue dot shows areas of water pooling



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Dam collapse simulation on Space derived DEM







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Example of emulations for training associated with CBRN critical Infrastructues and the need for Cyber Defence

Digital twin technologies
 Crisis Management systems
 Cyber attack resilience

Secure operating Centers



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Example of CBRN crisis scenario processed training

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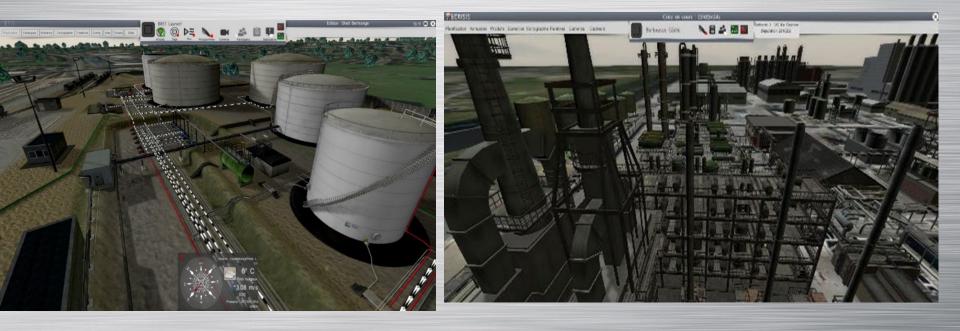
Access to all operations elements including associated data basis such as those required for maintenance / qualification / audit control



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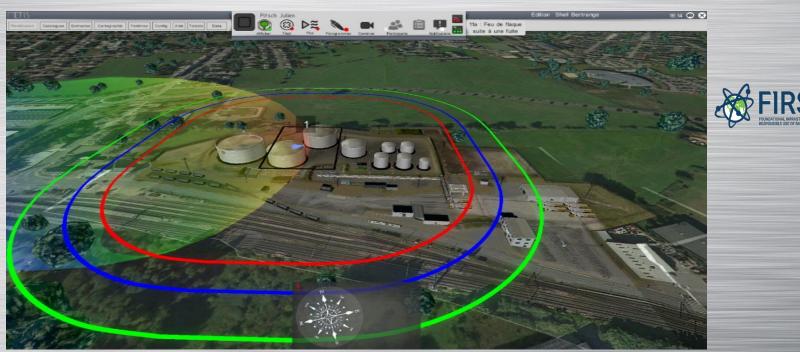
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Example of CBRN crisis scenario processed training

Leakage in the reservoir tanks - leading to explosion / fire and by domino effect, plume impacting on the train railways as well as the neighbourhood. Initial visualization of the "Risk Zones" and dispersed plume footprint INTERNATIONAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY CENTER (ISTC)





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Conclusion

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The mission of ISTC is more than ever important " Science driven Technologies are vectors for Peace " ISTC's is evolving from a science driven to a technology application driven Center responding to the new challenges associated with <u>Critical Infrastructures safety and Environmental Security</u>

Thank you

Jean Muylaert

